

### Investigation 3.1 Rectangles With Fixed Area

#### Part A

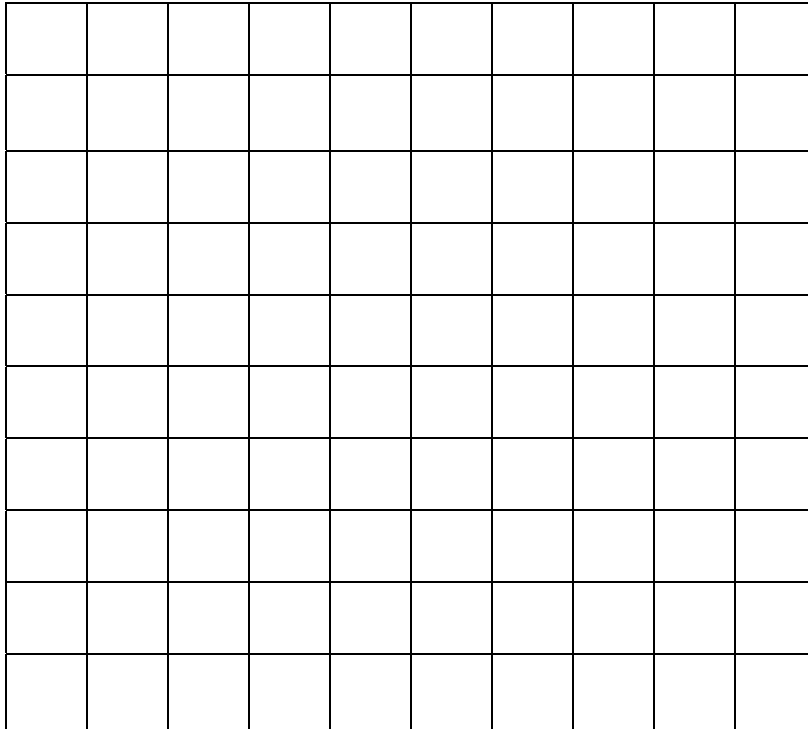
1. Complete this table.

**Rectangles With Area 24 in.<sup>2</sup>**

<b>Length (in.)</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>8</b>
<b>Width (in.)</b>								

2. Plot your data on the grid below. Then, draw a line or curve that seems to model the pattern.

**Rectangles With An Area 24 in.<sup>2</sup>**



3. As the length increases, the width \_\_\_\_\_ .The relationship **is/is not** linear.
  4. Write an equation that shows how the **width  $w$**  depends on the **length  $l$**  for rectangles with an area of 24 square inches.
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**Part B**

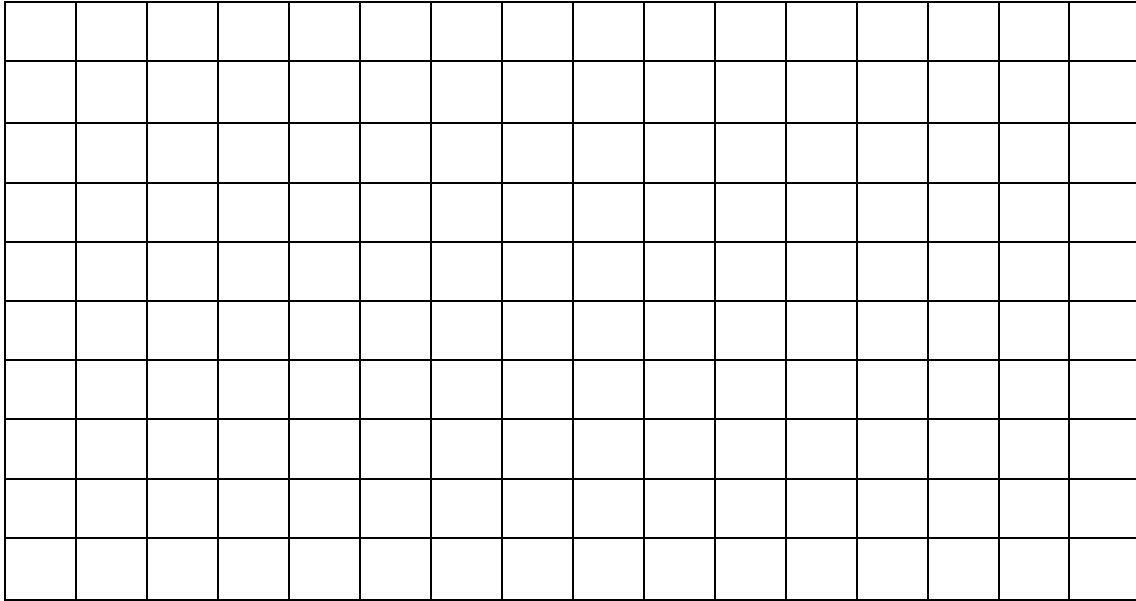
Now consider rectangles with a area of **32 square inches**.

1. Write an equation for the relationship between **length  $l$**  and **width  $w$** .

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2. Graph your equation. Show lengths from 1 to 15 inches.

**Rectangles With An Area 32 in.<sup>2</sup>**



**Part C** Compare your equations.

How is the 1<sup>st</sup> equation **similar** to the 2<sup>nd</sup> equation? \_\_\_\_\_

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How is the 1<sup>st</sup> equation **different** to the 2<sup>nd</sup> equation? \_\_\_\_\_

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**Part D** Compare your graphs.

How are they **similar**? \_\_\_\_\_

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How are they **different**? \_\_\_\_\_

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